

EURODAC 2022 ANNUAL STATISTICS

FACTSHEET MAY 2023

Operational since 2003, the **European Dactyloscopy Database** (Eurodac) is the large-scale IT system used to support the effective implementation of the Dublin Regulation.

It stores and processes fingerprints of asylum seekers and irregular migrants who have entered an EU Member State or a Schengen Associated country. Depending on the purpose of the fingerprint datasets transmitted (the type of category), these are stored and/or compared with other fingerprint sets already present in Eurodac. In this way, Eurodac helps identify potential multiple asylum applications from the same individual.

FINGERPRINT SETS TRANSMITTED 2015 - 2022



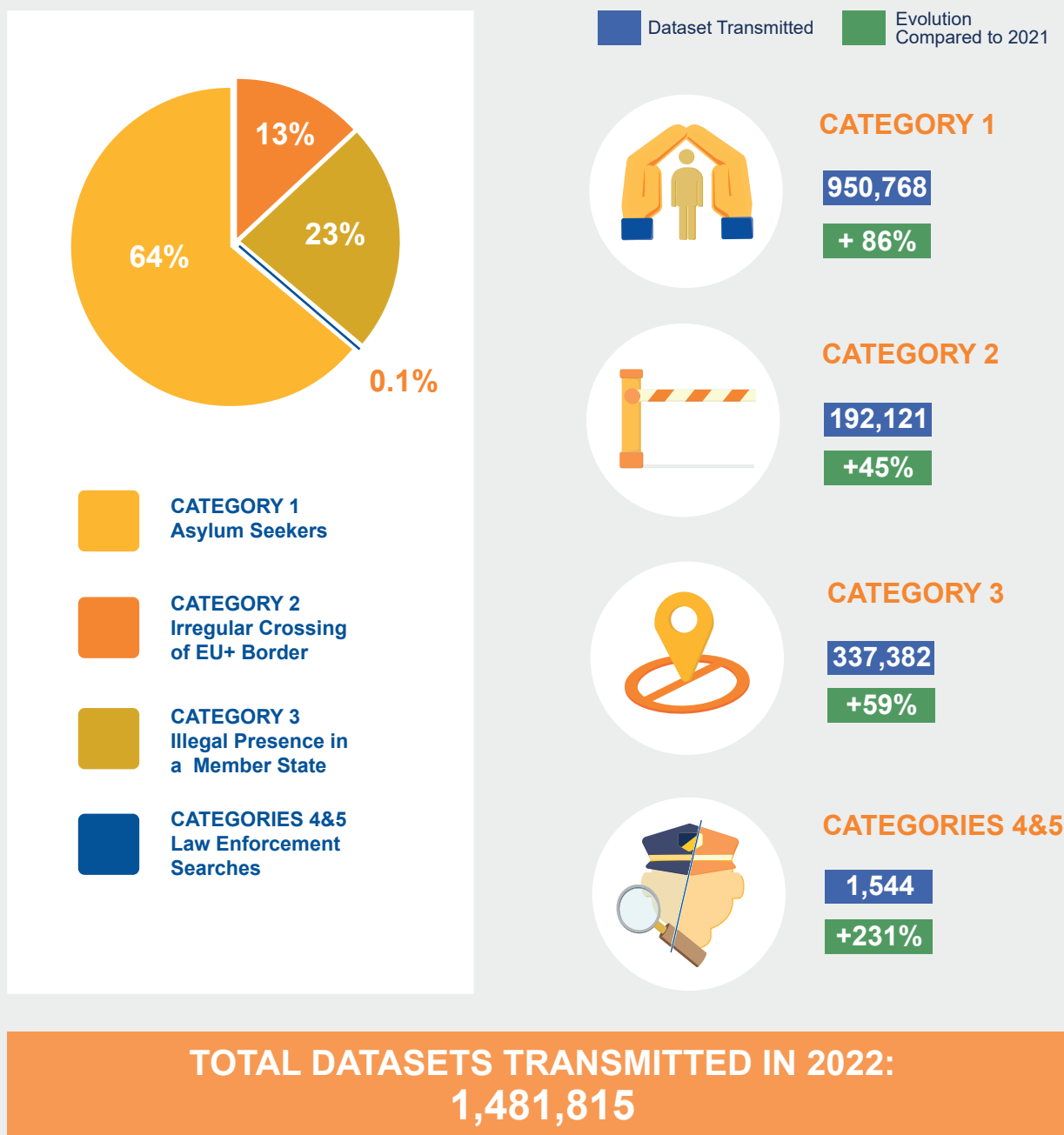
Eurodac traffic reached a record high of almost 2M transactions in 2015 and remained high in 2016 as a result of the migration crisis. The usage of Eurodac dropped back to below 1M annual transactions between 2018 and 2021, with the lowest level in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. In 2022, traffic saw a substantial increase, reaching 1.48M annual transactions, due to a combination of factors, including the war in Ukraine. All categories registered an increase in traffic compared to 2021.

For the full report:



<https://europa.eu/!Kh9MGX>

Eurodac Main Categories Overview



eu-LISA is the European Union Agency that ensures 24/7 operational management of the European Union's large-scale IT systems - as well as their respective communication infrastructure - in the area of freedom, security and justice. Further to the systems currently managed (Eurodac, SIS and VIS), the Agency is also in the process of developing three new systems (EES, ETIAS and ECRIS-TCN), along with their interoperability components and taking over the management of e-CODEX.

Public statistics can be accessed on [eu-LISA's website](#)

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